AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

LISTING OF CLAIMS:

- 1. (currently amended) A method for reducing the contamination properties by micro-organisms of to a surface made of a mineral material, said surface having an area of at least 0,10.1 m², said method including the following stepscomprising:
- a) application, onto applying, to the surface to be treated, of a layer of a solution or of an aqueous suspension consisting of a hydrophilic polymeric material with silica particles dispersed in an aqueous medium; and
- b) drying the surface processed at the step a), for obtaining to obtain said surface covered with a layer of said hydrophilic polymeric material.
- 2. (currently amended) A—The method according to claim

 1, characterised in that wherein the mineral material is organic

 glass or mineral glass.
- 3. (currently amended) A—The method according to claim
 1, characterised in that the mineral material is selected among
 from the group consisting of ceramics, porcelain, cement or and
 concrete.

- 4. (currently amended) A—The method according to claim

 1, characterised in that wherein the mineral material is a metallic material, such as steel or aluminium.
- 5. (currently amended) A—The method according to claim
 1, characterised in thatwherein the surface of the mineral material is selected from the group consisting of consists in the surface of a seilfloor, surface of a culinary work top, surface of a table, surface of a bed, surface of a fermentation reactor, or still of a tubing and surface of fluid circulation pipes.
- 6. (currently amended) A—The method according to claim 1, characterised in that, wherein in step a), the solution or the aqueous suspension includes the hydrophilic polymeric material at a concentration ranging between 0.5% and 5% in weight, preferably between 1% and 3% in weight, based on the total weight of the solution or of the aqueous suspension.
- 7. (currently amended) A—The method according to claim 6, characterised in thatwherein the hydrophilic polymeric material is selected among—from the group consisting of the celluloses and their derivatives, the polyacrylamides and their copolymers, the polyvinyl pyrrolidone (PVP) and its copolymers, the vinyl acetate copolymers, and vinyl alcohol copolymers, the glycol polyethylenes, the glycol polypropylenes, the hydrophilic

polyacrylates, the hydrophilic polymethacrylates, the polyosides, and the chitosans.

8. (cancelled)

- 9. (currently amended) A—The method according to claim 81, characterised in thatwherein the solution or suspension of hydrophilic polymeric material has a content of silica particles ranging from 50 g.1⁻¹ to 250 g.1⁻¹.
- 10. (currently amended) Method The method according to claim 1, characterised in that wherein in step a), the application of the hydrophilic polymeric material is conducted by quenching the surface to be treated, or by application of the material onto the surface using a brush, a roll or a spraying device.

11-13. (cancelled)

- 14. (new) The method according to claim 4, wherein the metallic material is steel or aluminium.
- 15. (new) The method according to claim 1, wherein in step a), the solution or the aqueous suspension includes the hydrophilic polymeric material at a concentration ranging

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between 1% and 3% in weight, based on the total weight of the solution or the aqueous suspension.

16. (new) The method according to claim 1, wherein said surface has an area of at least 0.1 $\ensuremath{\text{m}}^2$.